# User Manual HC24 Series

### **Recommendations for Safe Use**

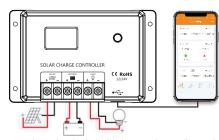
- 1. The controller is a 12V/24V controller. When installing it for the first time, please make sure the battery has enough voltage so that the controller can recognize it as the correct type of battery.
- 2. Install the controller as close to the battery as possible to avoid voltage drop caused by too long wire, which may affect the normal determination of voltage. 3. The controller is suitable for 12/24V lead-acid batteries, ternary lithium batteries and lithium iron phosphate batteries. Please select the appropriate battery type in the menu.
- 4. The controller can only use PV panel as a charge source. Do not use DC power supply as a charge source.
- 5. The controller will generate heat when running.
- Please install the controller on a flat, well-ventilated surface.

## Features

1. 32-bit high-speed master control chip.

- 2. Large-screen LCD for display, charge and discharge parameters adjustable, Allow selection of multiple battery types, with a flexibility to set the load to work during the day or night ..
- 3. Complete multi-stage PWM charge management.
- 4. Built-in reverse connection protection, open-circuit protection, high temperature protection, over-current/short-circuit protection (optional), which are all self
- -recovery type, with no damage to the controller. 5. Double MOS anti-backflow circuit, ultra-low heat generation.
- 6. Lithium battery activation available.
- 7. Dual USB output, maximum current up to 2A, supporting high current charging of Iphone, Ipad and Android mobile phones and other devices.

System Wiring



- 1. Connect the anode and cathode of the battery to the controller according to the diagram, and take care to avoid reverse connection.
- 2. Connect the anode and cathode of the load to the controller according to the diagram, and take care to avoid reverse connection.
- 3. Connect the solar panel to the controller according to the diagram, and take care to avoid reverse connection.

Note: Please strictly follow the above sequence for connection, otherwise the controller may be damaged. Disassembly sequence is opposite to the wiring one.

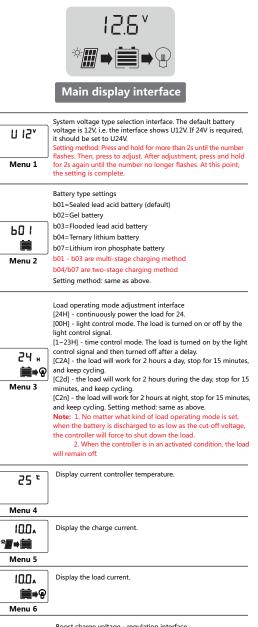
# **Button Functions**

Function 1: When the battery voltage is normal, press the button to turn on or off the load.

Function 2: Press and hold the button for 2s to enter the menu. On the menu where you need to change the settings, press and hold the button for 2s to make the number blinking, and then click to adjust the set value. Then, press and hold the button for 2s to make the number stop blinking to complete the setting.

Function 3: Press and hold the button for more than 10s until the screen shows F01. At this point, you can restart the controller

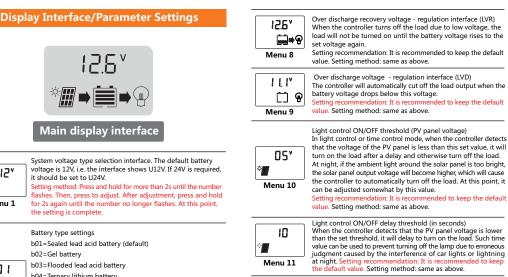
Function 4: Press and hold the button for more than 20s until the screen shows F02. At this point, you can restore the controller to default settings.



Boost charge voltage - regulation interface (only valid for b04, b07) When the battery voltage rises to this set voltage, PWM charging

144\* is enabled. During normal charging, the arrow indicator is always on, and

\*# + 🖬 after entering float charging, the arrow indicator is slowly flashing. Setting recommendation: It is recommended to keep the default Menu 7 value. Setting method: same as above.



#### Short-circuit protection setting.

Scn

ED 1

Some inductive or capacitive loads may draw a large current at the moment of start-up, which may trigger the short circuit protection of the controller and cause the output to shut down. In this case, the user can turn off the short-circuit protection. SC.F is Off, SC.n is On, and the default is On. Setting method: Menu 12 same as above.

#### PWM charge settings (only valid for b04, b07) PWM is likely to cause the system to produce noise and interference. Especially when a lithium battery with BMS is used, PWM charging may trigger BMS protection and cause system failure. Therefore, Pon the customer has the option to turn PWM off. In this mode, once the battery is charged to the preset voltage (interface 7), the controller will stop charging immediately, and restart charging Menu 13 after the battery voltage returns. PoF is Off, Pon is On, and the default is On

Setting recommendation: It is recommended to keep the default value. Setting method: same as above.

Load light control mode settings. Lc1 indicates that the load is working at night, Lc2 indicates that the load is working during the day, and the light control has priority over the time control to turn off the load. Lc3 indicates that the load is working at Lcl night, Lc4 indicates that the load is working during the day, and the time control has priority over the light control to turn off the load. Example: If it is set to 16H, since the night/day length is only Menu 14 12 hours, Lc1/2 will run for 12 hours only, and Lc3/4 will run for 16 hours.

The default is Lc1. Setting method: same as above.

# **Error Code**

Battery low voltage state. When the battery voltage is lower than LVD, the controller will cut off the load, and when the battery voltage returns to LVR, the controller will automatically turn on the load. Press the button to forcibly recover.

Battery high voltage state. When the battery voltage exceeds E03 HVD for some reasons, the controller will cut off the load output, and after the battery voltage is returns to HVR, the controller will automatically turn on the load. Press the button to forcibly recover

Load over current state. When the load current exceeds the rated E05 value, if the current does not recover to the safe value within 60s, the load will turn into short circuit protection state. Press the button to forcibly recover.

E04	Load short circuit state. If short-circuit protection is triggered at the load side, the load will be turned off immediately. After 10s, the controller will automatically turn the load on again.
E06	High temperature exception interface. When the controller temperature exceeds 80 °C, it will shut down. At this point, neither charge nor discharge works. It will recover as the temperature falls back to 70 °C.
E 10	Solar panel over-voltage protection. When the solar panel voltage exceeds 50V, the controller will stop charging to protect the internal circuitry. When the voltage is below 45V, charging resumes.
	FAO

Q: Why isn' t charging displayed after my PV panel is connected? A: Check if the PV panel wiring is correct, and if the connection is reversed or false; check if the PV panel voltage is too high; check if the PV panel is blocked and the voltage drops consequently.

#### Q: Why is the charge current so small?

A: The higher the PV panel power, and the stronger the sunlight, the larger the charge current, and conversely, incorrect PV panel voltage, and blocking by foreign object, shadow, etc. will cause the current to decrease. In addition, when the battery voltage is high, it will enter a floating charge state, at which point the charge current will also become smaller and smaller.

#### Q: Why won't my load light up?

A: The causes that the load is not turned on may include, the load operating mode is not set correctly. For example, the light control is set up but the load is not turned on during the day. In this case, battery is low, resulting in the controller to cut off the load, or the load is not properly connected, disconnected, burned out or the like.

Q: What if I don' t need to use electricity for an appropriately long period of time? A: If the daily power generation of the PV panels is less than the amount of electricity used by the load, it will result in a situation where the generation does not cover the consumption. In this case, it is recommended to increase the number of PV panels in order to cope with extreme rainy weather. In addition, you can increase the battery capacity, as well as reduce the wattage of the load or working hours to balance the whole system

Q: Why does a fully charged battery run out of power after a short use? A: The battery is close to the end of life. You can do a simple test. For example, after discharge, charge the battery by PV panel or mains. The voltage will rise very soon. Then, stop charging and turn on the load. The voltage drops very soon. This indicates that the battery performance has degraded. You should replace a battery

Specifications										
				C2410	HC2420			IC2430		
System voltage			12V/24V							
Battery operating voltage range		8-32V								
Rated current	Charg	ge		10A	20A		30A			
	Load	d		10A	20A			30A		
Maximum PV input voltage		50V, enable protection and stop charging. Below 45V, charge resumes.								
Charging mode		The default is PWM charging,b04/b07 can be set to intermittent charging.								
USB output			5V/2A							
Static power consumption		≤10mA								
Operating temperature		-35~+60℃								
Altitude		≤3000m								
IP rating		IP32								
Product size			120*75*34mm		134*85*36mm		159*100*39mm			
Installation size		108.5*57.5mm		121*70mm		147*80mm				
Weight		130g		180g		290g				
Charge and Discharge Parameters										
Battery typ	e	b01(SLD)		b02(GEL)	b03(FLD)	b04 (Ternary lithium)		b07 (Lithium iron phosphate		
High voltage protection		16V		16V	16V	16V		16V		
High voltac recovery H	je VR	15V		15V	15V	15V		15V		
Boost charge		14.4V		14.2V	14.6V	(12.5V)		(14.4V)		
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recovery min					
Boost charge voltage	14.4V	14.2V	14.6V	(12.5V)	(14.4V)
Equalizing charge voltage	14.6V	-	14.8V	-	-
Floating charge voltage	13.8V	13.8V	13.8V	12.5V	14.4V
Boost charge return voltage	13.2V	13.2V	13.2V	12.0V	13.2V
Over discharge recovery voltage	(12.6V)	(12.6V)	(12.6V)	(10.5V)	(12.6V)
Over discharge voltage	(11.1V)	(11.1V)	(11.1V)	(9.5V)	(11.1V)
Boost charge time			2hrs		
Equalizing charge time	2hrs	-	2hrs	-	-

1. The above voltage corresponds to 12V system only. If a 24V system is used, please\*2. 2. b01-b03 will go into equalizing charge when and only when LVD occurs.

After equalizing charge, it goes directly into floating charge.

3. The corresponding parameters with "bracket identification" in the parameter table can be modified by pressing the button, but the other parameters cannot be modified.